

under the Minimum Needs Programme for priority attention and complete coverage in a time bound manner. These seven Basic Services are (i) 100 percent coverage of provision of safe drinking water in rural and urban areas, (ii) 100 percent coverage of primary health service facilities in rural and urban areas, (iii) Universalisation of primary education, (iv) Provision of public housing assistance to all shelterless poor families, (v) Extension of mid-day meal programme in primary schools to all rural blocks and urban slums and disadvantaged sections, (vi) Provision of connectivity to all unconnected villages and habitations, and (vii) Streamline the public distribution system with focus upon the poor.

For the financial year 1996-97, the Central Government has provided an additional amount of Rs. 2466 crores as Additional Central Assistance for States and UTs in the Central budget, to increase the availability of funds for these services. Out of this amount Rs. 250 crores have been earmarked for slum dwellers. The remaining Rs. 2216 crores will be in addition to the provisions already made in the annual plans of States/UTs for these seven identified Basic Minimum Services.

[Translation]

### Migration

39. SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

- (a) whether people are migrating in large numbers to big urban centres;
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor;
- (c) whether a large number of migrants are from the eastern States;
- (d) if so, the reasons therefor; and
- (e) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to check the migratory trend?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The 1991 Census data on migration tables are not yet published and accordingly, it is not possible to furnish the details. The reasons for migration to big urban centres include "prosperity pull" and "poverty push" factors. The availability of better economic opportunities and living conditions in big urban areas attract people from villages and small towns. Similarly lack of job opportunities and poor level of infrastructural facilities in villages and small towns force people to move to big urban centres.

(c) and (d). Since the 1991 Census migration tables are not available, it is not possible to precisely conclude whether a large number of migrants are from the eastern States.

(e) The Government's approach to tackle the problems of migration to and population growth in cities is outlined in the 8th Plan document. The approach envisages a two-pronged strategy, viz; (1) generation of employment opportunities and creation of better facilities in rural areas through the implementation of schemes like Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWCRRA), etc., and (ii) development of small and medium towns with basic infrastructure facilities under the Scheme of Integrated Development of Small and Medium Towns (IDSMT) and creation of employment opportunities for the urban poor through the scheme of Nehru Rozgar Yojana (NRY) and Prime Minister's Integrated Urban Poverty Eradication Programme (PMIUPEP). The objectives are (i) to create favourable conditions in rural areas and small and medium towns to minimize the incentive for migration to large cities; and (ii) promote selected small and medium growth centres which could accommodate more migrants from rural hinterlands, reducing their need to go to large cities.

[English]

### Production of Hydrocarbon

40. SHRI S.D.N.R. WADIYAR : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

- (a) whether the Government have a proposal to increase the production of hydrocarbon;
- (b) if so, the steps taken by the Oil & Natural Gas Corporation in this regard;
- (c) the details of the new schemes drawn up by ONGC to increase the production of hydro-carbon;
- (d) whether any step has been taken by ONGC to complete the ongoing projects; and
- (e) if so, the project-wise progress made as on date?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU) : (a) Government proposes to raise production of crude oil by intensifying exploration efforts through Seismic Surveys, exploration and development drilling in frontier areas, deep water in offshore, acquisition of acreages/ reserve abroad and implementation of new scheme of oil production.

(b) The steps taken by ONGC to increase crude oil production are :

1. Implementation of new projects/schemes and additional development of existing fields.
2. Implementation of EOR Schemes and extending some of EOR Schemes from pilot scale to full scale fields application.

3. Implementation of specialised technologies such as ERD, side track, horizontal and drain hole drilling.
4. Obtaining services of international experts wherever considered necessary.
5. 3D seismic survey of the oil fields.
6. Rectificatory measures such as aggressive workovers, use of specialised technologies like long/short drift side track, drain hole have been planned for revival of sick wells which still have potential.

(c) The following new schemes have been drawn by ONGC for Government approval :

1. Installation of Booster Compressor in Bassein field.
2. Additional development of Bombay High North-II.

(d) Various steps taken by ONGC for timely completion of on-going projects are :

1. Close monitoring of projects at project, regional and board level.
2. Parallel planning of various project activities.
3. Close interaction with contractors/vendors for resolution of issues.
4. Use of latest software in project management.

(e) The present status of the ongoing project is given in the enclosed Statement.

### STATEMENT

The present status of the ongoing project is as under :

#### 1. Development of B-121/119 Structure :

The line pipe procurement and cost/wrap work have been completed. Laying of pipelines is in progress. Jacket of B-121 Platform was loaded out on 27.10.1996. Fabrication of Deck is in progress.

#### 2. B-173A Development :

Notification of Award was placed on M/s. L & T Ltd., on 30.4.1996 and contract was signed on 28.08.1996. Design Engineering is almost completed & Material procurement is in progress. Fabrication of Deck started.

#### 3. B-55 Development :

NOA has been issued to M/s MDL for B-55 Well Platform tender on 15-10-1996. Kick-off meeting held on 31-10-1996. Design engineering started. Technical evaluation of bids for line pipe supply tender are in progress.

#### 4. Heera Phase-III Development :

Conditional LOI placed on M/s. MDL for HX-HY well platforms and pipeline tender on 10-02-1996 and firmed up on 11-10-1996. Detailed Engineering and fabrication of Jacket is in progress.

Conditional LOI for HRC Progress Platform was placed on M/s. L & T on 29-02-1996 and was firmed up on 13-09-1996. Detailed Engineering is in progress.

### Progress of Major Capital Schemes Under Implementation

Name of the Project/ schemes and objective	Sch. Compln.	Ant Compln.	Progress as of Sept., 1996, % Plan/Actual	Actions to contain time overrun/ Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
5. Gandhar Field Development, Ph-II to achieve a plateau production of 2.54 MMTPA Oil + Cond. and 6.85 MMSCMD Gas (Incl. Ph-I development)	May 1996	Nov'96	100.0/97.6	Drilling of wells and laying of pipelines already completed. Surface facilities under contingency plan completed and are operational. The project is running behind schedule due to slow pace of construction work by turnkey contractor (M/s. LSIL) for utilities and offsites and GGS-V and also due to delay in delivery of major equipment. Turnkey contractor is being persuaded to complete the balance work expeditiously.
6. In-situ combustion, Balol (Main), EOR to obtain additional oil production of 5.58 MMT in 19 years.	July 1997	Sept'97	56.3/47.3	The project is slightly behind schedule due to delay in supply of HP surge vessels by M/s. BHPV. M/s. BHPV is being persuaded to speed up supply.

1	2	3	4	5
7. In-situ combustion, Santhal (Main), EOR to obtain additional oil production of 13.94 MMT in 18 years.	Oct' 97	March' 98	18.7/18.9	-do-

### Natural Gas

41. DR. JAYANTA RONGPI : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the quantity of natural gas produced annually in the country, State-wise;

(b) the quantity of natural gas allowed to burn away unutilised annually, State-wise;

(c) the amount in rupees of such unutilised gas lost annually, State-wise; and

(d) the steps proposed to be taken by the Government to stop this loss?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) to (c). The required information is given in the enclosed Statement.

(d) Steps taken to reduce flaring of gas include setting up of the required compression and transportation facilities, underground storage of gas and identification of consumers to utilise gas isolated pools.

### STATEMENT

(Gas figures in MMSCMD and value in Rs. lakhs/day)

State	Gas Prodn.	Gas Flared	Notional Value
Western Offshore	45.30	1.67	25.1
Gujarat	7.86	0.76	11.4
Rajasthan	0.03	Nil	Nil
Assam	5.31	0.87	13.05
Tamil Nadu	0.32	0.27	4.1
Andhra Pradesh	1.85	Nil	Nil
Tripura	0.36	Nil	Nil

Note : Notional value taken as Rs. 1500/thousand cu.mtrs.

### Adulteration of Kerosene

42. SHRI KACHARU BHAI RAUT : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the number of cases for adulteration of Kerosene have been detected;

(b) the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to check such adulteration?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) and (b). No cases of adulteration of kerosene have been brought to the notice of the Government.

(c) Regular inspections/surprise checks are carried out by field officers and senior officers of the oil companies to check adulteration/irregularities. In case of any irregularity, action is taken against the dealer under the Marketing Discipline Guidelines.

[Translation]

### Foreign Aided Power Projects

43. DR. SAHEBRAO SUKRAM BAGUL :  
SHRI SOHAN BEER :

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the details of the power projects set up with foreign collaboration, State-wise and location-wise;

(b) the number of such projects with the Government, State-wise;

(c) the number of projects which are likely to be made operational in 1996-97 and 1997-98; and

(d) the time by which these projects are likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI) : (a) and (b). As on date, 50 proposals involving foreign investment on the MoU/LoI etc. route costing more than Rs. 100 crores and on the competitive bidding route costing more than Rs. 1000 crores, have been received for setting up of power projects in the private sector. As per the information available in the Ministry of Power, of these, the following projects have been cleared from foreign investment angle, have received techno-economic clearance of the Central Electricity Authority and are under various stages of construction :

Jegurupadu CCGT (M/s. GVK Industries Limited) East Godavari Distt, Andhra Pradesh. 216 MW